## NANUQ<sup>™</sup>

#### Advanced Cryocooling Technology for Biomolecular Cryocrystallography

MiTeGen, LLC Ithaca, NY





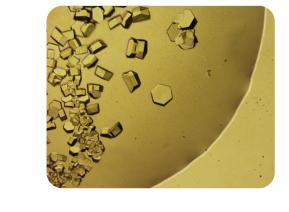
#### Crystallography requires good crystals and that they <u>stay good</u> to the end of data collection

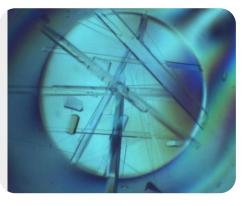
• Getting good crystals requires

Time + Effort + Resources (\$)

- Once you have good crystals, don't **damage** or **waste** them.
- Use protocols that maximize data quality, maximize throughput, minimize crystal-to-crystal variability, and minimize risks of crystal contamination, damage and loss.

► Use MiTeGen's NANUQ<sup>TM</sup> automated cryocooler!

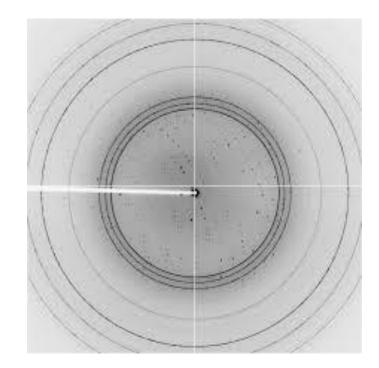






#### Challenges in Biomolecular CryoCrystallography

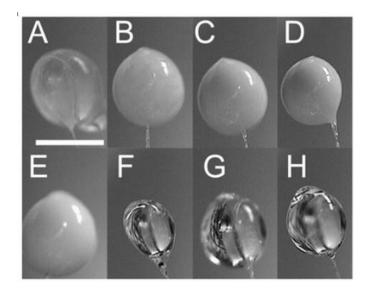
- Cooling **damages crystals**, especially when ice forms.
- Ice forms in inside and outside crystals.
- Ice accumulates in LN<sub>2</sub> and contaminates crystals.



- 20% of PDB deposited data sets and a much larger fraction of all data sets
   show structure factor errors due to ice.
- High-value targets with large solvent contents (e.g., membrane proteins) and large solvent cavities (e.g., large complexes) are the most challenging to cool successfully.

#### You have Ice? Why not just use more cryoprotectant?

- Cryoprotectant soaks reduce ice, but can damage or dissolve crystals.
- Cryoprotectants can modify protein conformation.
- Cryoprotectants reduce electron density contrast and resolution.
- Cryoprotectants complicate electron density in solvent cavities.
- Cryoprotectants can displace or be mistaken for ligands (e.g., in HT fragment screening)

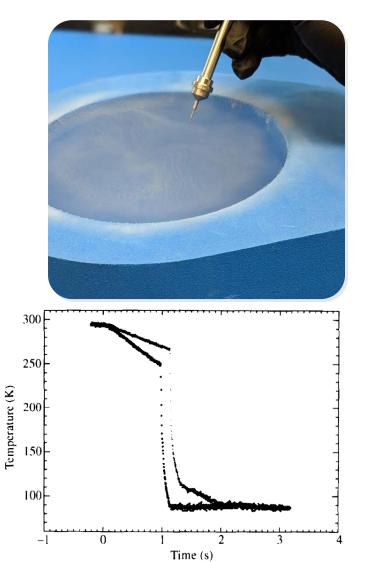






## **Challenges in cooling by hand plunging in LN<sub>2</sub>**

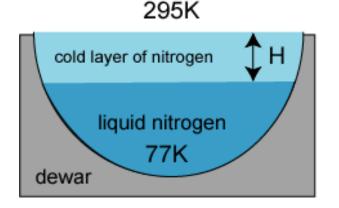
- Cooling damage depends on cooling rate and cryoprotectant concentration.
- Cooling rates in hand plunging are modest (100-1000 K/s), so cryoprotectants are often needed to eliminate ice.
- Cooling times in hand plunging are 0.1 to 1 s, too long to kinetically capture the biological temperature structural ensemble.

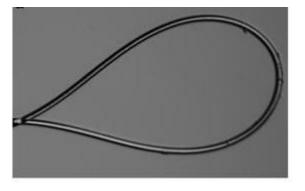


T.-Y. Teng & K. Moffat, 1998

## **Challenges in cooling by hand plunging in LN<sub>2</sub>**

- Cooling rates are highly irreproducible (by a factor up to 100 ×) due to cooling in cold gas above LN<sub>2</sub> and to variable plunge speeds.
- Cooling rate variability is a major cause of crystal nonisomorphism.
- Why does one crystal diffract better than the next? Was it how it was grown, how it was cooled, or ... ?
- **Crystals** are **lost** during hand plunging and during manual loading into pucks. **Loops** sent to synchrotrons often arrive with **no crystals**.







#### What Would an Optimal Cryocrystallography Workflow Look Like?

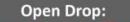
- 1. Mount as-grown crystals and check diffraction at **room T** using MiTeGen's MicroRT<sup>™</sup> system. Triage bad crystals.
- 2. Harvest crystals in a humidity-controlled environment.



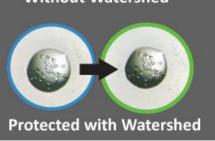


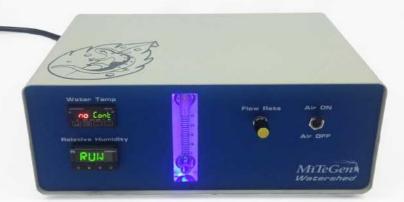
#### Watershed<sup>™</sup> Humidity Control System

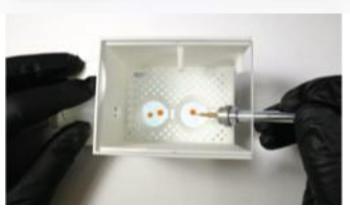
Humidified flow protects drops



Without Watershed







- Prevent drops from drying out while harvesting
- Perform controlled crystal dehydration to improve diffraction
   <u>MīTeGen</u>

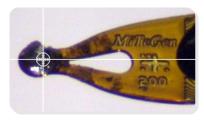
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#### What Would an Optimal Cryocrystallography Workflow Look Like?

- 1. Mount as-grown crystals and check diffraction at **room T** using MiTeGen's MicroRT<sup>™</sup> system. Triage bad crystals.
- 2. Harvest crystals in a humidity-controlled environment.
- 3. Do a quick swipe through oil or a 10% cryo solution. **Do not soak in penetrating cryoprotectants.**
- **4. Remove excess liquid** from around the crystal (and use MiTeGen's MicroLoops or MicroMounts).
- 5. Cool as fast as possible in ice-free LN2.
- 6. Store in an **ice-free** environment until data collection.









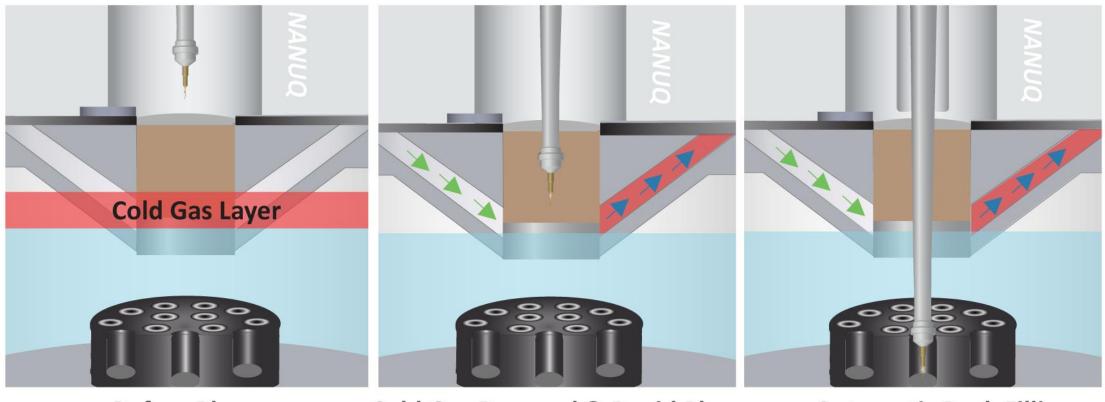


- Eliminates ice formation and ice contamination
- Minimizes sample-to-sample variability
- Provides complete control of every plunge ultrafast cooling, slow cooling, or anything in between
- Standardizes cooling for every crystal and every user
- Automates critical steps between crystal harvesting and X-ray data collection





#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Key Design Features and Patented Technology**



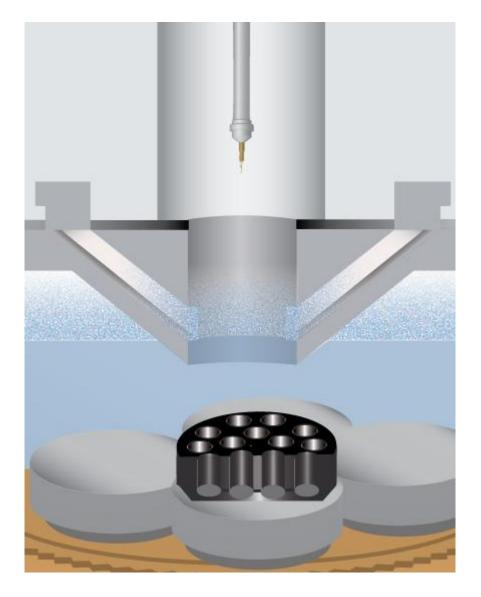
**Before Plunge** 

Cold Gas Removal & Rapid Plunge

**Automatic Puck Filling** 

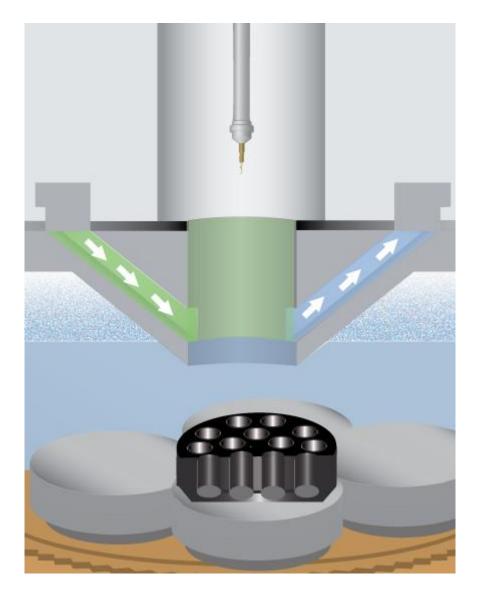


#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Hyperquenching (Fast Cooling) Plunge Sequence**



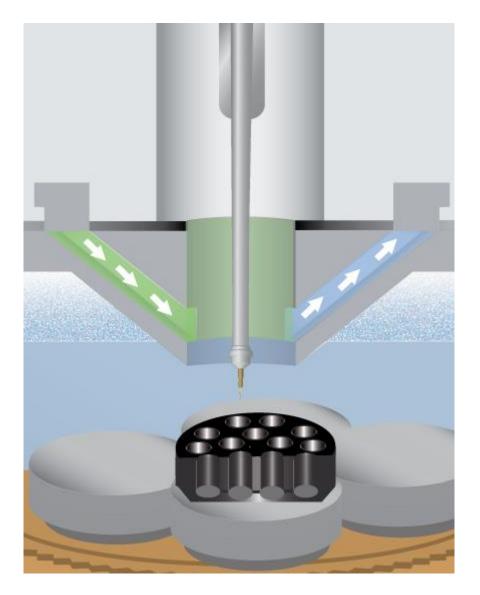


#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Hyperquenching Plunge Sequence**



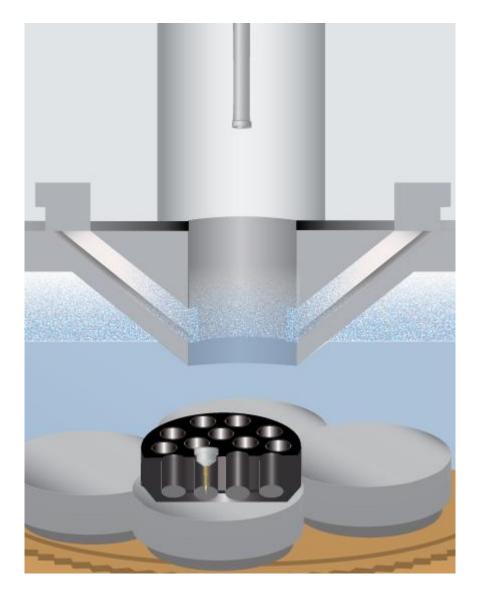


#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Hyperquenching Plunge Sequence**





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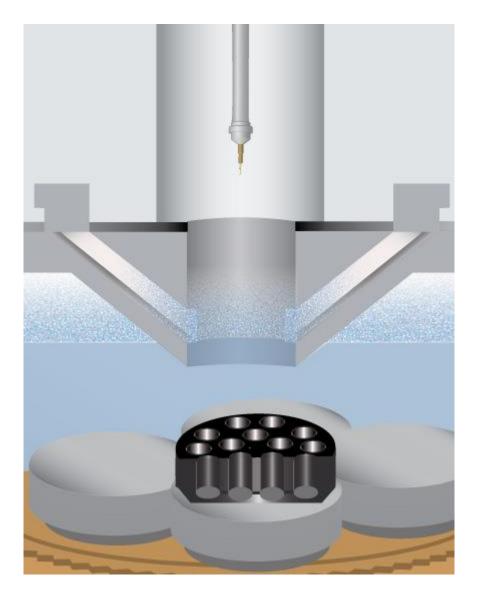


#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Slow- and Variable-Rate Cooling**

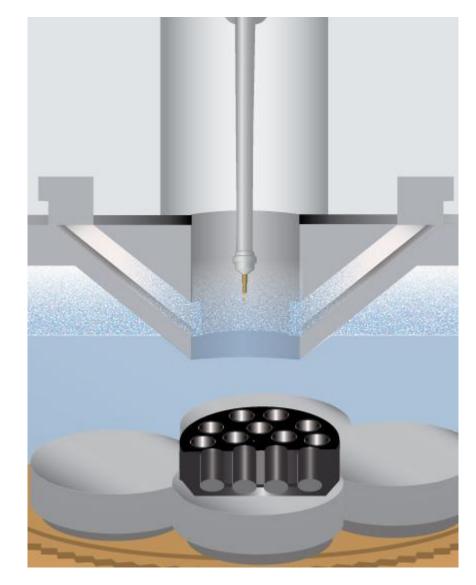
The fastest cooling may not always give the best results.

- Large crystals can develop internal thermal gradients during fast cooling that can lead to crystal damage.
- Flows of internal solvent during cooling can increase disorder. Allowing more time for this flow can reduce disorder.
- The protein and lattice may undergo favorable relaxations during slow cooling that improve overall crystal order.



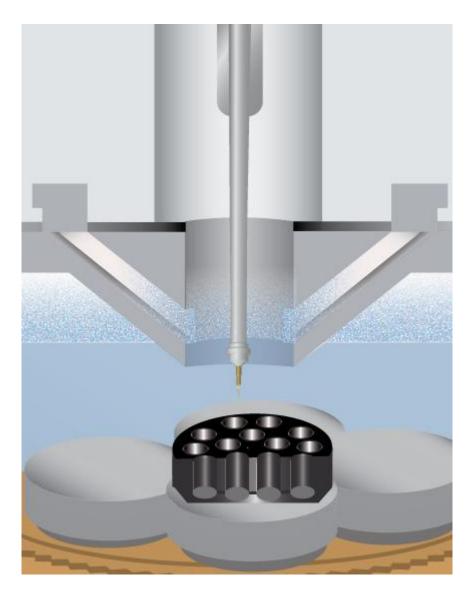




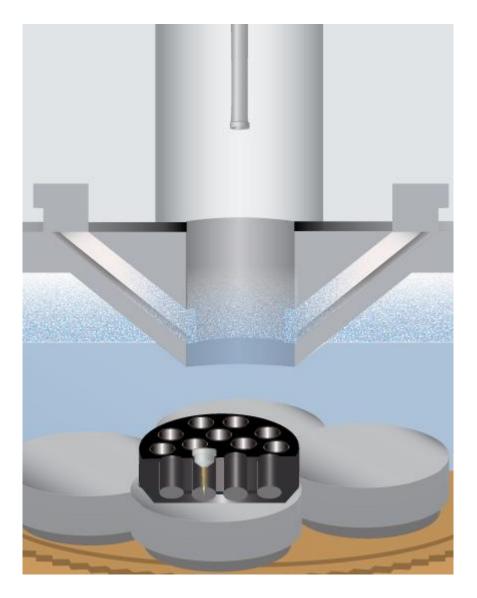


Cooling rate determined by sample transit time through cold gas, i.e., by plunge speed











## **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Key Design Features and Patented Technology Plunge manifold: Heated Bore Inhibits Ice Formation** Purse Gas **Dry Gas Prevents Ice** Vacuum Formation in LN2 LN2 LN2 0880 **MīTeGe**

#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Key Design Features and Patented Technology**

#### **Plunge manifold:**

- Controls plunge environment to remove or define cold gas layers above the LN<sub>2</sub> and provide a controlled temperature plunge path.
- Eliminate cold gas for fastest cooling.
- Trap cold gas for slow / variable rate cooling.
- Eliminates waves on the LN<sub>2</sub> surface for fastest cooling.
- Isolates the LN<sub>2</sub> and cold surfaces from ambient air, eliminating frosting.
- Computer-controlled dry gas flows, vacuum, and heaters minimize LN<sub>2</sub> consumption.



#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Key Design Features and Patented Technology**



#### **High speed sample translation stage:**

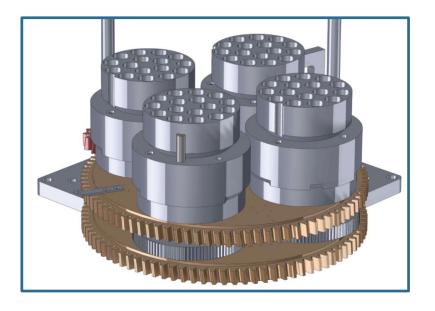
- Programmable sample plunge speeds from 3 m/s down to < 0.01 m/s.
- Remove cold gas and plunge fast for fastest cooling.
- Trap cold gas and plunge slow for slower cooling.



#### **NANUQ™: Key Design Features and Patented Technology**

#### Automated sample puck loading:

- Carousel holds 4 Uni-Pucks and 64 samples in LN<sub>2</sub>.
- Pucks are positioned in a programmable sequence to capture cold samples and organize them for optimal synchrotron data collection.
- Pucks are easily loaded into NANUQ and then transferred to a dry shipper or storage Dewar.
- All manual handling of cold samples is eliminated.

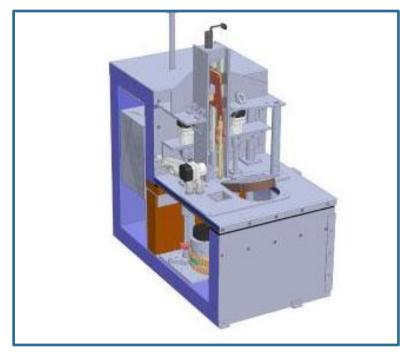




#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Key Design Features and Patented Technology**

#### High capacity LN<sub>2</sub> storage:

 Large LN<sub>2</sub> capacity and efficient insulation allow continuous operation for >12 hours in highthroughput applications without frosting.





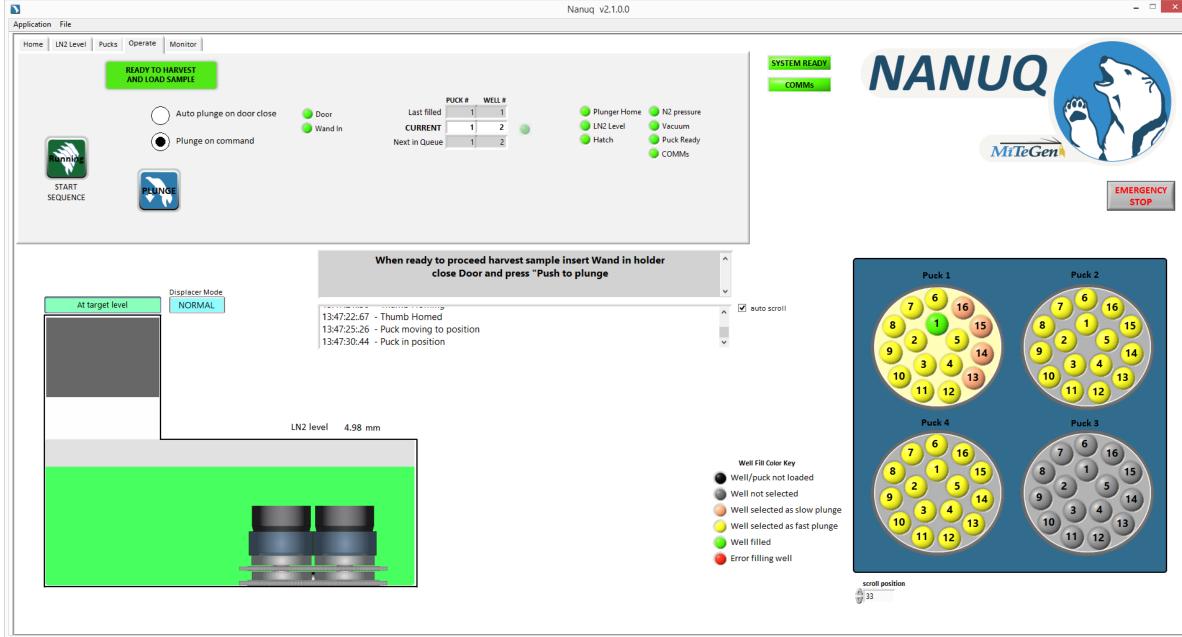
#### **NANUQ<sup>™</sup>: Key Design Features and Patented Technology**

## Automated, computer-controlled operation:

- Automatically or manually trigger sample plunge
- Time from crystal harvest to fully cryocooled is < 4 seconds
- Sample cycle time < 15 secs; cool 4 samples/minute
- Minimizes time for crystal dehydration, maximizes throughput

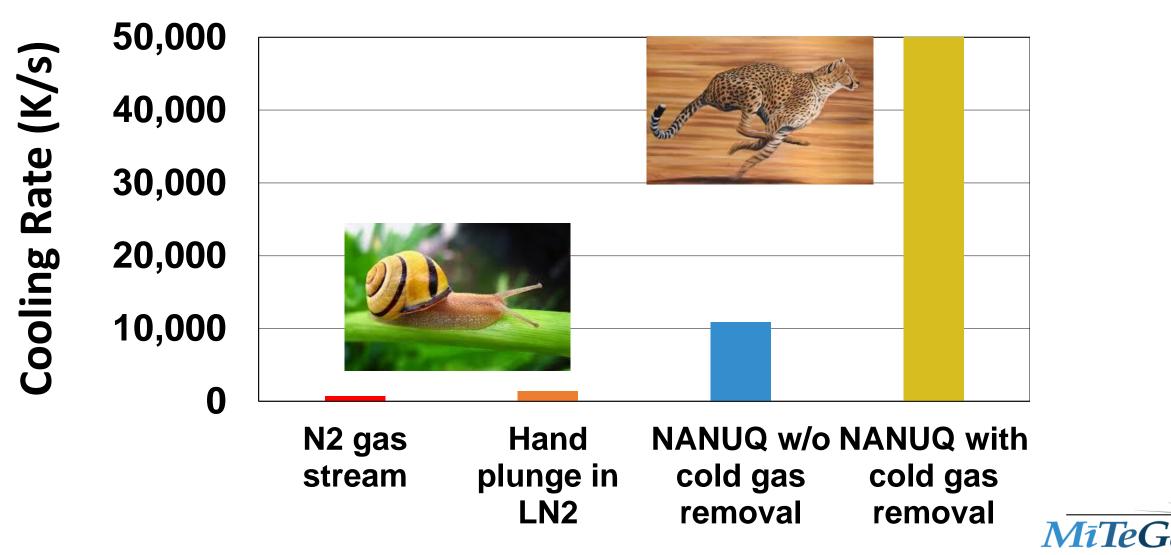








#### **Maximize cooling rates using LN<sub>2</sub>:**

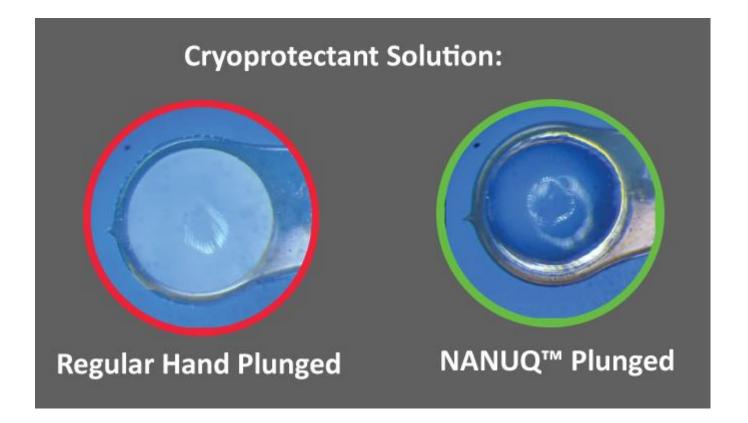


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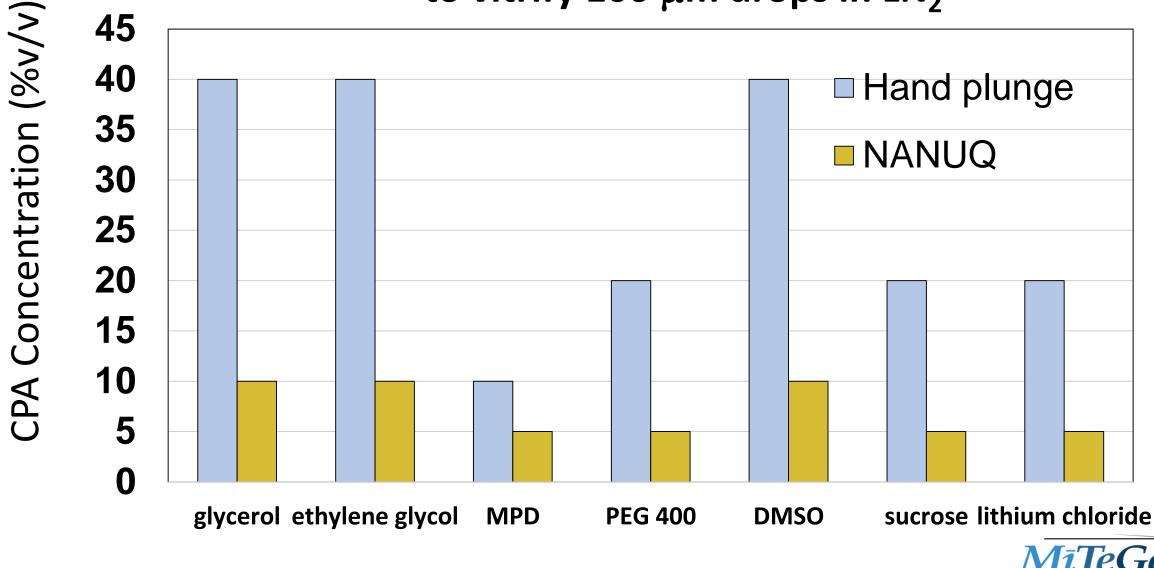
- Cooling rates to **>50,000 K/s**.
- Cooling times < 2 ms better kinetic capture of room temperature structure & ligand binding configuration.
- Can also cool at intermediate (100 K/s) and slow (down to 1 K/s) rates to simulate gas stream cooling and for quasi-equilibrium cooling, which may give better diffraction outcomes (e.g., for large crystals).
- Highly reproducible cooling science-based optimization of cooling and diffraction.

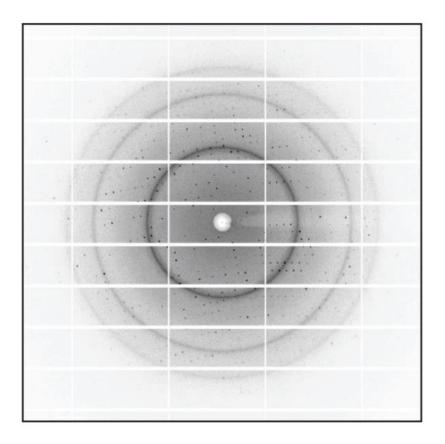
#### **Minimize cryoprotectant concentrations:**



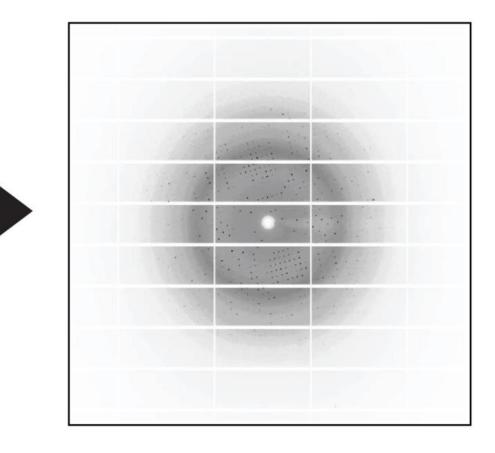


#### Minimum CPA concentration (%v/v) to vitrify 100 μm drops in LN<sub>2</sub>





Hand plunged (LN2) Sample: CA IX-mimic Crystal Cryprotectant: 20% sucrose Result: Significant ice rings



Cryocooled on NANUQ™ (LN2) Sample: CA IX-mimic Crystal Cryprotectant: none Result: No ice rings

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U. of Florida

#### Use less (no) cryoprotectant, simplify cryoprotection:

- **No penetrating cryoprotectants required** to prevent internal ice. Only add for contraction matching.
- No cryo soaks necessary just quick swipes through a dilute cryo solution / oil to protect / remove external solvent.
- No crystal damage or dissolving by cryoprotectants.
- Ideal for ligand/fragment screening: no ligand displacement by or confusion with cryoprotectants.



- Cool **immediately** after harvesting, with **complete confidence**.
- **No ice** from **cooling**, **LN**<sub>2</sub> or **frosting** during puck loading.
- No lost crystals due to manual plunging / loading accidents.
- Easily sequence and track samples in pucks for optimized data collection.
- Get everyone in your lab using the same reliable protocols.
- Provides the **reproducibility** and **flexibility** to rationally optimize your cooling protocols.



#### How Can You Get the Technology?

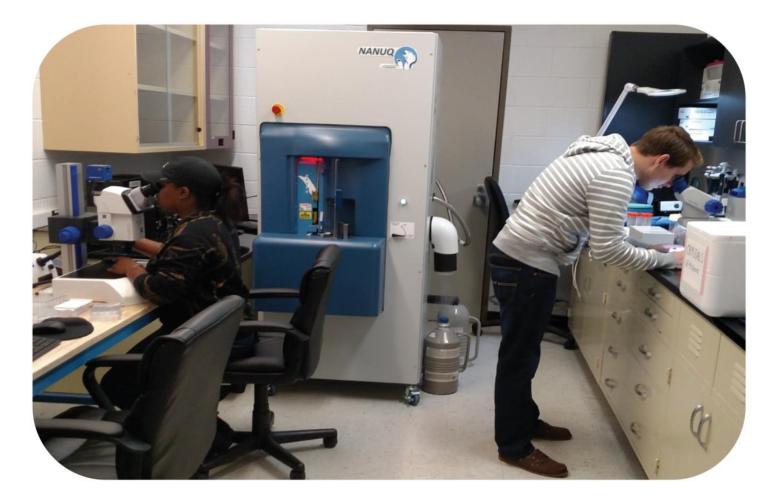


#### NANUQ<sup>™</sup> shipped and installed at a customer location.

We can help with instrumentation proposal writing and justification statements.



## Access the Technology: NANUQ<sup>™</sup> Facility in Ithaca, NY Open to Users







## NANUQ<sup>™</sup> Access Facility Cool your crystals with NANUQ<sup>™</sup>

#### **Getting Your Crystals to MiTeGen:**

- Bring your crystals via car, or ship them to us.
- Come in advance and set up plates. We can monitor them.
- Send your solutions + plates. We can set them up manually & monitor them.

#### **Cooling Your Crystals:**

- Do it yourself with our support.
- Have our expert staff harvest, cool, & ship them anywhere.



## NANUQ<sup>™</sup> Access Facility Cool your crystals with NANUQ<sup>™</sup>

#### Available equipment:

- Vibration-free Crystallization Incubator
- Zeiss V8 & V20 Microscopes with imaging
- Watershed<sup>™</sup> Humidity Controlled Harvesting
- Worthington HC34 & HC35 Refrigerators
- Worthington CX100 Dry shippers
- Harvesting loops, tools, materials....





## NANUQ<sup>™</sup> Access Facility How to Apply for Access Time

Visit our NAF Website:
 www.mitegen.com/NAF

- 2. Fill out the Request Trial form
- 3. Our team will be in touch to get the process started!
- We look forward to having you see the difference NANUQ<sup>™</sup> can make!

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#### NANUQ<sup>™</sup> Access Facility

UTILIZE ADVANCED CRYOCOOLING TO IMPROVE RESULT

Introductory trial experiments to give researchers access to the impact of advanced cooling techniques.

Try preparing your samples with NANUQ™ cryocooling technology to:

- Prevent damaging ice formation
- Improve sample diffraction quality
- Reduce or eliminate cryoprotection
- Guarantee reproducible crystal-to-crystal cooling
- Visit the facility and cool them yourself, or
- Ship us samples for us to cool, or
- Have us set up trays and perform the cryocooling



REQUEST TRIAL INFO	
Name *	
Email *	
SUBMIT	

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# **Thank you!** - From Everyone at MiTeGen!

**Contact:** 

support@mitegen.com +1-607-266-8877

